## THE GREAT SOCIETY & **VOTING RIGHTS**



- Lyndon B. Johnson, or LBJ, was born in Stonewall, Texas.
- One major problem that he wanted to solve was that of **poverty** (extreme lack of money), and he believed that education would help overcome it.
- LBJ became the youngest member of Congress at age 28. He fought to end segregation, where African Americans were treated unfairly by being kept apart from other Americans in many public places.
- In 1960, Senator John F. Kennedy asked LBJ if he would run for Vice President. Johnson accepted, and John F. Kennedy became our 36th President and Johnson served as the Vice President.
- Johnson worked to create a Great Society, which focused its efforts on education, medical care, and housing.
- LBJ chose Thurgood Marshall to be a Supreme Court judge. Marshall became the first African American to serve on the Supreme Court.

## In addition, be prepared to:

- Refer to a simple timeline of LBJ's life using the facts and dates that will be provided.
- Choose and explain evidence of one character trait that LBJ showed. - cooperation, diligence, courage, or leadership.



EST DATE